

## Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Physics (1PH0) Paper 1H

## Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at <a href="https://www.edexcel.com">www.edexcel.com</a> or <a href="https://www.edexcel.com">www.btec.co.uk</a>. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at <a href="https://www.edex-cel.com/contactus">www.edex-cel.com/contactus</a>.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: <a href="https://www.pearson.com/uk">www.pearson.com/uk</a>

## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word		
Strand	Ele- ment	Describe	Explain	
AO1*		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required	
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)	
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description		
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning	
AO3	3a	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment		
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning	

<sup>\*</sup>there will be situations where an AO1 question will include elements of recall of knowledge directly from the specification (up to a maximum of 15%). These will be identified by an asterisk in the mark scheme.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)	foetal scanning (1)	ignore sonar	(1)
		ACCEPT echo location	AO 1 1
		accept other examples e.g.	
		dog whistle	
		cat scarer	
		bat detector	
		kidney stones	
		cleaning jewellery	
		baby scanner	
		pregnancy scanner	
		faults in structures	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)	studying the Earth's structure	accept other examples e.g.	(1)
	(1)	detect meteor(ites)	AO 1 1
		seismic activity	
		named animals communicating	
		e.g.	
		elephants	
		giraffes	
		whales	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c)	recall (1)		(4)
	$V = \underline{X}$		AO 1 1
	rearrangement (1) t = <u>x</u> v		AO 2 1
	substitution (1)  14 x 2  1600	substitution and rearrangement in either order	
	evaluation (1) 0.018 (s)	max 3 marks if 14 used as distance	
		accept numbers that round to 0.018 e.g.	
		0.0175 (s)	
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

(Total for Question 1 = 6 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(a)(i)	D refraction is the only correct answer	(1)
	A 'deflection' is an incorrect distracting description	AO 1 1
	B 'incidence' is incorrect, that would be angle X	
	C 'reflection' is incorrect, no reflection being shown in the diagram	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	any pair of coordinates selected from the line (1)	e.g. 20 and (13 or 14) or 10 and (6 or 7)	(2) AO 2 1
		ignore any units given	
	in range → 0.6(0) to 0.7(0) (1)	award full marks for a correct answer without working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(iii)	an explanation linking:		(3)
	repeat (1)	allow 'more measurements' / 'repeat experiment' / collect more data	AO 3 3a
	different angles / more values of X (1)		
	for larger angles / values of X (1)	> 20°	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)	substitution (1)		(3)
	$\frac{3.0 \ (\times \ 10^8)}{5.8 \ (\times \ 10^{-7})}$		AO 2 1
	evaluation (1)		
	$5.2 \times 10^{14}$	answers that round to $5.2 \times 10^{14}$	
		award 2 marks for a correct answer without working	
		allow 1 mark for answers that round to 5.2 to any power of ten	
	unit (1)	independent mark	
	Hz	accept hz or s <sup>-1</sup> or per sec(ond) or hertz	
		accept kHz, MHz etc with correct power (10 <sup>11</sup> kHz, 10 <sup>8</sup> MHz)	

(Total for Question 2 = 9 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)	a description that combines 4 points from the following:		(4) AO 2 2
	1. put rock(s) in front of/near tube (1)	not "in" tube	
	measure (count rate)     separately for the     two different rocks (1)	keep rocks apart	
	3. measure each count for the same time period (1)		
	4. keep source-detector distance the same for both rocks (1)		
	5. take (into account)/ measure background count (1)		
	6. repeat readings and take average(s) (1)		

Question Number	Answer		Mark
3(b)	<ul> <li>point after first half-life 6, 40 (1)</li> <li>point after second half-life 12, 20 (1)</li> <li>point after third half-life 18, 10 (1)</li> </ul>	within 1 small square by eye  smooth curve starting at 80, with a decreasing gradient passing through one correct half-life point scores 2 marks  smooth curve starting at 80, with a decreasing gradient passing through two correct half-life points scores 3 marks  if no other mark scored smooth curve showing decreasing gradient but not going through any correct points scores 1	(3) AO 3 1a
		mark	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(c)	an answer containing both of the following numbers in the correct places (1)	(1) AO 2 1

(Total for Question 3 = 8 marks)

Question Number	Answer				Mark
4(a)	D is the only co	vector orrect answer	vector		(1) AO 1 1
	A 'scalar scalar' is incorrect, both force and velocity are vectors			ocity are	
	B 'scalar vector' is incorrect, with force being described incorrectly as a scalar			escribed	
	C 'vector scale incorrectly a		with velocity being	described	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(i)	gravitational / centripetal (1)	accept gravity / weight/ gravitational field strength	(1) AO 2 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	arrow from the satellite towards the centre of Earth - by eye (1)		(1) AO 2 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	wavelength (of e.m. radiation) increased / frequency decreased (1)	don't penalise planet instead of object stretched/moves to(wards) red end of spectrum	(2) AO 1 1
	as the (star) moves away (from us) (1)	spectral lines move to the red end of the spectrum	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(ii)	an explanation linking:		(2)
	big bang has expanding universe (1)	from (original) explosion started at a point	AO 1 1
	with galaxies moving away (from each other) (1)	accept stars moving away (not objects or planets now) the further away they are	
		the greater is their (recessional) speed idea	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(iii)	microwave		(1)
			AO 1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(iv)	(radiation) that comes from all over the sky / space / the universe	from the big bang / explosion	(1) AO 1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(v)	an explanation linking:		(2)
	<ul> <li>the Big Bang theory has a beginning / initial explosion (1)</li> </ul>	explosion from a point	AO 1 1
	that releases/gives out radiation (1)	radiation still present	

(Total for Question 4 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	a description to include:  (the prong makes the) air vibrate/oscillate (1)		(2) AO 1 1
	Vibrate/oscillate (1)		
	in the same direction as /parallel to the wave travels (1)	causes compressions and rarefactions in air	
		transfers ke to air longitudinal	
		credit can be given for a labelled diagram	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)	in this order		(4)
	infrared (wave) / IR (1)		AO 1 1
	micro(wave) (1)	accept µ(wave)	
	radio (wave) (1)		
	gamma (ray/wave)(1)	accept γ not X	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	an explanation linking:  (the colours have) different wavelengths (1)  different wavelengths / colours travel at different speeds (1)	allow the word frequencies for wavelengths	(3) AO 2 1
	so refract by different amounts (1)	for refract allow bend/change direction/follow different path	

(Total for Question 5 = 9 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)	C N/kg is the only correct answer	(1)
		AO 1 1
	A J/kg is not dimensionally the same as m/s <sup>2</sup>	
	B J/kg <sup>2</sup> is not dimensionally the same as m/s <sup>2</sup>	
	D $N/kg^2$ is not dimensionally the same as $m/s^2$	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(i)	substitution (1)		(2)
	2x2.5 0.74 <sup>2</sup>	<u>5</u> 0.5476	AO 2 1
	evaluation (1)		
	9.1(3) (m/s <sup>2</sup> )		
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
	(0.74 + 0.69 + 0.81) ÷ 3 (1) 0.7(5) (1)	accept 0.7 or 0.75 award full marks for the correct answer with no working 0.746 or 0.747 or 0.750 scores 1 mark	(2) AO 3 2a AO 3 2b

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(c)	an explanation linking:		(2)
			AO 3 3b
	use an electronic timer / (1)	light gate/ data logger	
	to eliminate reaction time (1)		
	to cilimitate reaction time (1)	there are other options	
		which should be judged to this pattern	
		·	
		( e.g. increase distance to reduce effect of reaction	
		time)	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(d)	rearrangement (1)		(3)
	$a = \frac{(v^2-)u^2}{2x}$		AO 2 1
	substitution (1)	rearrangement and	
	$a = (-)15^2$	substitution in either order	
	2 × 14	225/28 for 2 marks	
	evaluation (1)		
	deceleration = $8(.04)$ (m/s <sup>2</sup> )	accept - 8(.04)	
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

(Total for Question 6 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(a)	B natural gas is the only correct answer	(1)
	A geothermal is not a non-renewable source of energy	AO 1 1
	C tidal is not a non-renewable source of energy	
	D solar is not a non-renewable source of energy	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)	an explanation linking:		(2)
	increased use of renewables/decrease use of nonrenewables (1)	accept "them" as renewable accept reason why renewables are beneficial	AO 1 1
	reason (1)	accept reason why non-renewable(s) are not beneficial	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(c)(i)	recall (1)		(3)
	$(\Delta PE) = mgh$	1300 = 7 x 10 x h	AO 1 1
		work done = force x distance	AO 2 1
	substitution and rearrangement (1)		
	$h = \frac{1300}{7 \times 10}$		
	evaluation (1) 19 (m)	accept answers that round up to 19 (m) (e.g. 18.57 (m))	
	, ,	award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(c)(ii)	recall (1)		(3)
	$KE = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m } \text{v}^2$		AO 1 1
	substitution and rearrangement (1)		AO 21
	$v = \sqrt{(2 \times 1100 \div 8)}$	$V^2 = \frac{2 \times 1100}{8}$	
	evaluation (1)		
	17 (m/s)		
		accept answers that round up to 17 (m/s) (e.g. 16.58 (m/s))	
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(d)	reading energies from graph (1) 5.2 and 3.9 (kJ)	accept 5.0 to 5.4 and 3.7 to 4.1	(3) AO 2 1
	substitution (1) e.g. 1.3 x (100) 5.2 evaluation (1)	0.18 to 0.32	
	25(%)	18 to 32 (%) award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

(Total for Question 7 = 12 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)	a description to include:		(2)
			AO 1 2
	use a thermometer (1)	temp. sensor	
		datalogger	
	measure temperature at regular intervals (1)	it must be clear that it is a number of readings - not just 2	
		eg measure temperature over time	

Question Number:	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)	a description to include:		(2)
	intensity reaches a peak		AO 3 1a
	value (1)		AO 3 1b
	additional information (1)		
		other peaks irregular curve	
		non-linear	
		most of radiation outside visible spectrum	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)(i)	tangent drawn between 20 and 40 ms (1)  selection of suitable values and substitution from their tangent (1) e.g. 130 ÷ 60  evaluation (1) 2.0  unit (1) °C/ms	range 1.8-2.5  2000 °C/s  award full marks for correct answer with no working	(4) AO 1 1 AO 2 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)(ii)	an explanation linking:		(3)
			AO 3 2a
	the temp rises because the (rate of) energy supplied is	accept 'absorbed/in' for supplied.	AO 3 2b
	greater than the (rate of) energy being radiated. (1)	energy in greater than energy out	
		lamp radiates more as temperature increases	
	at constant temperature the lamp radiates energy at the same rate at which it is being supplied (2)	lamp radiates at the same power at which it is being supplied for 2 marks	
		power out = power in	
		award 1 mark for at constant temperature the energy supplied = energy radiated	

(Total for Question 8 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(i)	a description to include:	ignore references to friction here	(2)
			AO 1 2
	add weight / mass (1)	by inclining runway	
	to the weight hanger (1)	allow (component of) gravity to act on trolley	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(ii)	a description to include:		(2)
	transfer mass (1)	allow weight(s) for mass	AO 12
	between trolley and hanger (1)		
		mass removed from trolley = mass added to hanger for 2 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(iii)	an explanation that links: raise one end of the runway (1)	credit methods for reducing friction directly (e.g. oil wheels, runway etc.)	(2) AO 3 3b
	(so that) trolley (not attached to weight hanger) rolls at constant speed / just starts to move / (force of) gravity (on the trolley) balances forces of friction (1)	allow credit for identifying magnitude of frictional forces and subtracting or using graph	

Number	Mark
9(b)*  Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.  The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.  AO1 (6 marks)  • momentum = mass × velocity • action and reaction are equal and opposite (N 3) • force of R on Q = -force of Q on R • change in momentum of Q = - change in momentum of R time  • time of collision same for both • change in momentum • R accelerates because of force from Q • transfer of momentum between Q and R	e AO 1 1  d can- which d in the

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1-2	<ul> <li>An explanation that demonstrates elements of physics understanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific ideas lacks detail. (AO1)</li> <li>Presents an explanation with some structure and coherence. (AO1)</li> </ul>
Level 2	3-4	<ul> <li>An explanation that demonstrates physics understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas is not fully detailed and/or developed. (AO1)</li> <li>Presents an explanation that has a structure which is mostly clear, coherent and logical. (AO1)</li> </ul>
Level 3	5-6	<ul> <li>An explanation that demonstrates accurate and relevant physics understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas is detailed and fully developed. (AO1)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Presents an explanation that has a well-developed structure which is clear, coherent and logical. (AO1)</li> </ul>

(Total for Question 9 = 12 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)(i)	an explanation linking:		(3)
	(high temperature means) high energy (1)		AO 21
	(needed) to overcome (force of) repulsion (1)		
	between nuclei / because they both have the same charge (1)	accept "them" / hydrogen for nuclei	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)(ii)	substitution (1)		(3)
	$4.5 \times 10^{-12} = m (3.0 \times 10^8)^2$		AO 2 1
	rearrangement (1)	accept substitution and rearrangement in either order	
	$(m =) \frac{4.5 \times (10^{-12})}{9.0 \times (10^{16})}$	ignore POT errors until evaluation	
	evaluation (1)		
	5.0 x 10 <sup>-29</sup> (kg)		
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(b)*	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.  The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included	
	<ul> <li>AO1</li> <li>neutrons released in a chain reaction</li> <li>slow(er) neutrons needed for fission</li> <li>(some) neutrons are too fast</li> <li>control rods can be moved in and out</li> <li>control rods control speed of the reaction</li> </ul> AO2 <ul> <li>graphite core is the moderator</li> <li>graphite core slows down the neutrons</li> <li>moveable rods absorb neutrons</li> <li>moveable rods make more or fewer neutrons available for fission</li> </ul>	

Level	Mark	Descriptor	
	0	No awardable content	
Level 1	1-2	<ul> <li>An explanation that demonstrates elements of physics un- derstanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific ideas lacks detail. (AO1)</li> </ul>	
		The explanation attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)	
Level 2	3-4	<ul> <li>An explanation that demonstrates physics understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas is not fully detailed and/or developed. (AO1)</li> </ul>	
		The explanation is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)	
Level 3	5-6	An explanation that demonstrates accurate and relevant physics understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas is detailed and fully developed. (AO1)	
		The explanation is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)	

Total for Question 10 = 12 marks)